





Techno-naivety

THE COMING CENTURY.

Scene — Office of a Publisher. Enter a Genius.

Genius. I want to see the manager of the book department.

Boy. Oh, there isn't one, Sir.

Genius. Well, who looks after the pictures?

Boy. That's done by machinery, Sir.

Genius. Isn't there a clerk who can ex-

amine patents.

Boy. Quite unnesessary, Sir. Everything that can be invented has been invented.

Genius. Well, I want to leave a novel,

a picture, and an idea.

Boy. You must be rather old-fashioned, Sir. All sorts of work is done, nowadays, by mental photography.











Pictorial summary of the STI 4 SHS Roadmap

Based on Waste RDI Roadmap pictorial

Problem MEANS HOW **OPPORTUNITIES** Empower human settlement and housing leaders, Housing backlogs of **Culture of** decision-makers and and practitioners to embrace 2.3 million units and innovation and to foster a culture of innovation in **HCD** innovation growing. their institutions. delivery. Apartheid spatial Enhance human settlement planning and legacy, settlement **Digitised** governance processes, enabling tools, methods & quality & rising data to support collaboration across organisation enterprise utility costs erode boundaries and deepen evidence collection. RD&D quality of life. Think, experiment, play, innovate, create, disrupt, Strategic transform. Lack of investment

Conservative and **Innovation** silo approach to human settlements.

Lack of a credible evidence-base to support decision making.



Technology pipeline

projects

Strengthen relationships between government, the NSI and industry to foster innovation and technological development to address the sectors' needs and to stimulate investment, jobs & SMMEs.

Support technological diffusion from inception to end-of-life to reduce risk, improve operational performance and meet the user's expectations.

ST & I has the potential to improve speed, cost, quality and access of housing

Improved planning, and management tools can transform housing and neighbourhoods to improve quality of life.

Knowledge generation and sharing can support decision confidence

Investment can generate job and localisation opportunities.

Advocacy



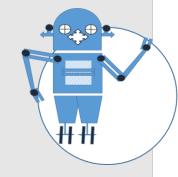
Technology diffusion



in innovation.

Status quo

Scepticism of unfamiliar technology, lack of confidence in trying or specifying new technologies.



Drivers

Urbanisation, technological advancement, climate change, unemployment. To consolidate and champion credible technology vetting and clearing for diffusion for appropriate STI 4 SHS

5 TECHNOLOGY DIFFUSION AND ADOPTION

Technological innovations are vetted: easily, and rapidly assessed by a competent, independent body, and this information is publicly and cheaply accessible. Vetted technological innovations are acceptable to communities, financiers and installers/contractors. Risk is understood and managed. Vetted technological innovations are applied appropriately, accepted by regulators, specified with confidence by professionals and readily maintained and operated.

Initiatives

- > TECHNOLOGY VETTING Advocacy, augmentation and renewal of testing facilities, skills and infrastructure
- > DIGITAL CATALOGUE Digital catalogue established and maintained
- ➤ INNOVATORS CONCESSION Builder's supply consignment stock-shelf agreement.
- SOCIAL FRANCHISE Social franchising model for affordable, sustainable uptake and maintenance of new technologies.
- ➤ M&E Quality assurance programme, entailing
 - Client technology advisory desk (managing expectations)
 - > Post-occupancy evaluation.
- 1. Best practice BSRIA Soft Landings
- PATH Partnership for Advancing Technology in Housing The Diffusion of Innovation in the Residential Building Industry





MULTI-LEVEL PERSPECTIVE

	Strategic objective	Activities performed	Outputs, outcomes impacts
1.	Learning: Platforms for circulation of ideas, advocacy and marketing	3 x Green buildings conventions. 2 x Institute of Human Settlements Practitioners events. 2 x Human settlements I'ndaba. 2 x Human settlements conferences. 1 x SALGA Human settlements summit. 1 x Ministerial IBT Summit with NHBRC. 1 x International Conference in Ghana.	Appr 2100 stakeholders formally reached for circulating ideas on use STI in achieving sustainability objectives of the human settlements sector. Additional +/- 900 stakeholders informally reached for advocacy on use STI in achieving sustainability objectives of the human settlements sector.
2.	Knowledge: Masters and doctoral support. Capacity building.	Supervision of 2 x Masters students. 1 x IBT Workshop with Pretoria Institute of Architects and the NHBRC 1 x meeting to a review PhD proposal by a student from University of Leicester linked to the SA MRC	Contribute graduates with critical scares skills in the sector. Increased membership of PIA and other professional associations with knowledge of the application of IBTs in the sector.
3.	Tech Pipeline: New tech and niches introduced.	Smart villages (e.g., TAFFDs Smart City concept) and indigenous knowledge systems for human settlements discussed with key stakeholders for mainstreaming (nascent stages). Rural housing application MobileApp. Backyard dwelling application MobileApp. Mass Timber, Recycled Plastic, Hemp based building materials. Net-zero house information dissemination.	Acquired institutional knowledge and database on innovation and entrepreneur pipeline in human settlement. Acquired institutional capability to link early-stage innovations with resources to assist with further development. Acquired institutional capability to link late-stage innovations with pilot and demonstration projects

R augh Innovalion

Number lcon Name No poverty Ďŧŧŧi ZERO HUNGER Zero hunger 3 Good health and well-being 4 CHALITY EDUCATION Quality education 5 EENDER ERIJALITY Gender equality 6 Clean water and sanitation đ Affordable and clean energy 8 DECENT WORK AND Decent work and economic growth 111 Industry, innovation and infrastructure 10 REDUCED MEQUALITIES 10 Reduced inequalities Sustainable cities and communities 11 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCT Responsible consumption and 12 production 13 CLIMATE ACTION 13 Climate action 4 LIFE BELOW WATER 14 Life below water 15 Life on land Peace, justice and strong institutions 16 Partnerships for the goals 17

Step One: Questionnaire

Targets and goals are scored for RAS impacts, and impacts are described

All targets scored 1913 impact descriptions

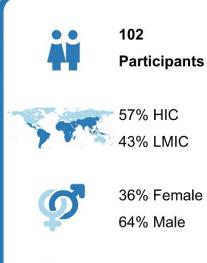
Step Two: Group Discussions

Each group agreed on (1) the main positive and negative impacts on the SDG, (2) the three targets with most positive and negative impact and (3) an evaluation of the overall level of impact

Synthesis of impacts for 15 SDGs

Step Three: Workshop

Group discussion of the trade-offs and co-benefits of RAS implementation across SDGs





76% SDGs

24% RAS



44

Participants



61% HIC

39% LMIC



30% Female

70% Male



y <u>å</u>

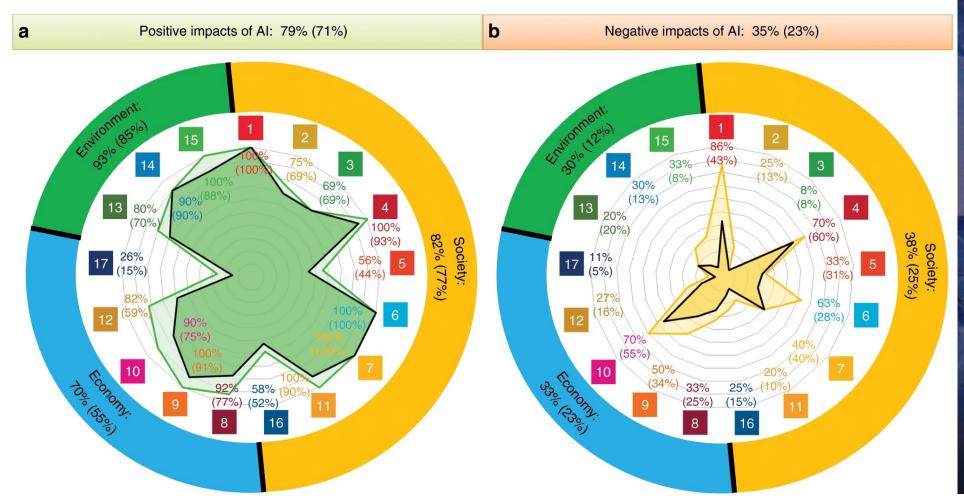
68% SDGs

32% RAS

5 D O 9 B O O T O







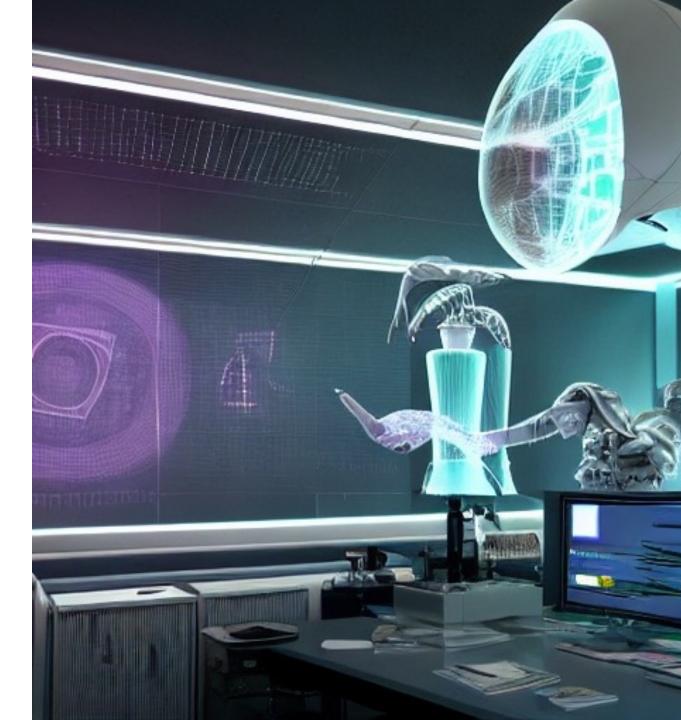
achieving Sustainab evelopment O M telligence C O the



Techno-optimism

Iliana Ivanova, EU Commissioner for Innovation, Research, Culture, Education and Youth, said:

"Augmented by the transformative power of artificial intelligence, Europe's robust scientific base and exceptional talent creates a unique asset. Leadership in Al-powered science will translate into leadership in discovery and innovation, which is essential for Europe's competitive edge, prosperity, and technological sovereignty. Together with our partners, we need to take a responsible, trustworthy approach, so we build and maintain public trust for enduring success."



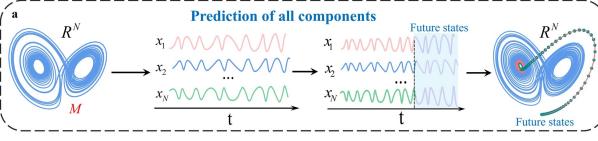
EU Coordinated Plan on Artificial Intelligence 2021

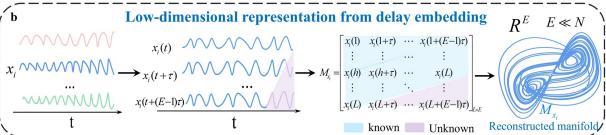
OUR KEY PROPOSALS TO BUILD STRATEGIC LEADERSHIP

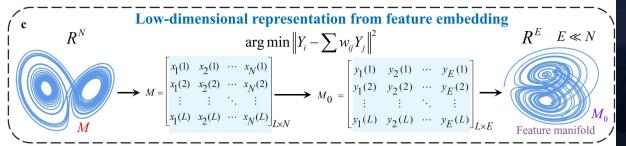


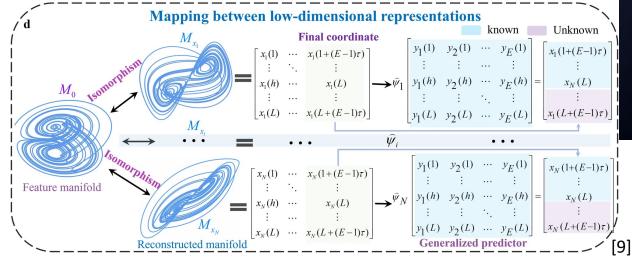












Techno-pessimism

Researchers evaluating the risks of AI in science and society have recognized a variety of ethical concerns. Among others:

- including algorithmic bias, ^{7,8,9}
- environmental costs, 10,11
- public misunderstanding of the capabilities of AI,¹²
- exploitative labour practices, 11,13
- lack of accuracy (e.g. due to 'hallucinations'), 10,14,15,16
- failures of reproducibility, 17,18 and
- lack of interpretability. 16,19,20









References and acknowledgements

- [1] Punch's almanac for 1899
- [2] Dall·e 2
- [3] Science Technology and Innovation for Sustainable Humane Settlements Roadmap
- [4] Guenat, S., Purnell, P., Davies, Z.G. *et al.* Meeting sustainable development goals via robotics and autonomous systems. *Nat Commun* **13**, 3559 (2022). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-31150-5
- [5] Vinuesa, R., Azizpour, H., Leite, I. *et al.* The role of artificial intelligence in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. *Nat Commun* **11**, 233 (2020). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-14108-y
- [6] https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en/library/coordinated-plan-artificial-intelligence-2021-review
- [7] https://deepai.org/machine-learning-model/cyberpunk-generator
- [8] EU Coordinated Plan on Artificial Intelligence 2021
- [9] Wu, T., Gao, X., An, F. *et al.* Predicting multiple observations in complex systems through low-dimensional embeddings. *Nat Commun* **15**, 2242 (2024). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-024-46598-w
- [10]
- [11] George E.P. Box
- [12] Kerr, C. and Phaal, R., 2020. Technology roadmapping: Industrial roots, forgotten history and unknown origins. *Technological Forecasting and Social Change*, 155, p.119967.

Thanks to all my colleagues at the Functional Building Infrastructure Impact Area and Smart Places cluster at the CSIR, collaborators, and partners.